

COSIG Co-Occurring Clinical Competency
Module 9: Treatment Planning
Pre-Test

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. An individual who meets criteria for substance abuse or dependence but has only irregular contact with an assigned case manager or counselor is said to be in:
 - a. Engagement Stage of Treatment
 - b. Early Persuasion Stage of Treatment
 - c. Denial
 - d. Relapse

2. Development of a Relapse Prevention Plan is a valid behavioral goal for the Active Stage of Treatment.
 - a. True
 - b. False

3. Involvement in self-help groups is a recommended intervention for individuals in the Engagement Stage of Treatment.
 - a. True
 - b. False

4. An individual who has not met criteria for substance abuse or dependence for the past 6–12 months is said to be in Remission or Recovery.
 - a. True
 - b. False

5. “Uses alcohol to cope with feelings of loneliness” is an example of a problem which is determined by a “functional assessment.”
 - a. True
 - b. False

6. Immediate needs of co-occurring clients are likely to include:
 - a. Detoxification
 - b. Medical Needs
 - c. Child Care
 - d. Transportation
 - e. a and b
 - f. All of the above

7. Outcomes for co-occurring treatment plan goals are not usually measurable.
 - a. True
 - b. False

8. A Treatment Plan Review should include:
 - a. Monitoring to ensure the intervention is being carried out
 - b. Monitoring to assess whether the intervention is effective
 - c. Both a and b